



**International
Collating Centre**

**INTERNATIONAL
COLLATING
CENTRE
QUARTERLY REPORT**

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Produced by:



EIDS
Equine Infectious
Disease Surveillance



**UNIVERSITY OF
CAMBRIDGE**
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ICC SUMMARY

The International Collating Centre (ICC) has compiled global equine disease outbreak data for over 35 years and is overseen by Equine Infectious Disease Surveillance (EIDS). The ICC is generously supported by contributions from Fédération Equestre Internationale (FEI), International Thoroughbred Breeders' Federation (ITBF) members, Japanese Racing Association and Lanwades Stud.



National and international equine disease outbreaks are reported on a daily basis by the ICC, through email alerts. Please contact equinesurveillance@vet.cam.ac.uk to receive these. The ICC Viewer website provides detailed, interactive reports. Users can analyse data by country or region, select specific date ranges and conditions, and view summaries of reported outbreaks. Visit <https://equinesurveillance.org/iccview/>.



REPORT SUMMARY

This article summarises international disease outbreaks during the second quarter of 2024. Additional summary reports received with further information on disease occurrence for a country that had not been reported in previous real-time ICC reports are also presented. This additional information is identified by # in the tables and text, where relevant, throughout this report.

The data presented in this report must be interpreted with caution. There is likely to be some bias in the way samples are submitted for laboratory testing and subsequently reported. Consequently, these data do not necessarily reflect true infectious disease frequency within the international equine population.

A country with no reported outbreaks of a disease does not necessarily mean the disease is absent from that country. Each table summarises the number of disease outbreaks reported by a country, and each reported outbreak may involve more than one animal.

Reports are broken down by body system:

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- Miscellaneous diseases pg 16

REPRODUCTIVE DISEASES

Country	CEM	EHV-1	EHV-1/-4	EHV-3	EHV-4	Strep zoo
Belgium	-	3	1	-	1	1
France	-	3	-	3	2	-
Germany	4	-	-	-	-	-
Japan	-	4#	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	-	1	-	-	-	-
Sweden	-	4#	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	2	-	-	-	-
USA	1	-	-	-	-	-

#some cases reported by ICC after the quarter end

CONTAGIOUS EQUINE METRITIS (CEM)



GERMANY

Four outbreaks of CEM, each involving single cases, were reported on premises in: Brandenburg, Lower Saxony and North Rhine-Westphalia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR and in one outbreak by PCR and culture on genital swabs.



USA

One outbreak of CEM was reported affecting four animals, a mare, a gelding and two stallions, on a premises in Florida. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by bacterial culture.

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-1 (EHV-1) ABORTION



BELGIUM

Three outbreaks of EHV-1 abortion, each involving single cases, were reported on premises in: East Flanders, Liege and Limburg. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on fetal tissues.



FRANCE

Three outbreaks of EHV-1 abortion were reported involving single cases on premises in: Orne and Manche. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on either: genital swab, fetal tissue or placental tissue.



JAPAN

Four outbreaks of EHV-1 abortion occurred, involving eight animals: five vaccinated Thoroughbred mares and three unvaccinated mares. The unvaccinated mares were all on the same premises. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by LAMP.



NETHERLANDS

One outbreak of EHV-1 abortion was reported on a premises in Friesland. There were multiple abortions and two laboratory confirmed unvaccinated cases, with a further 60 animals on-site of mixed vaccination status. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.



#SWEDEN

One case of EHV-1 abortion was reported on a premises in Uppsala County. #Three further outbreaks with single cases in each were reported after the quarter end on premises in Västra Götaland County and Södermanland County . Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.



UNITED KINGDOM

Two outbreaks of EHV-1 were reported with single cases in each. One case involved the neonatal death of a two-day old Thoroughbred foal on a premises in Lincolnshire. The second case was an abortion in a vaccinated Warmblood mare on a premises in Central Scotland. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on foal, placental and fetal tissue.

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-1/-4 (EHV-1/-4) ABORTION



BELGIUM

One outbreak of EHV-4 abortion was reported with a single case in an unvaccinated mare on a premises in Liege. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on fetal lung and liver tissue.

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-3 (EHV-3) COITAL EXANTHEMA



FRANCE

Three outbreaks of EHV-3 coital exanthema were reported, with single cases in each, on premises in; Drôme, Finistère and Saône-et-Loire. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on a genital swab in one case, on a swab in one case and the third case did not specify the sample taken.

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-4 (EHV-4) ABORTION



BELGIUM

One outbreak of EHV-4 abortion was reported, with a single case on a premises in Limburg. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on fetal tissues.



FRANCE

Two outbreaks of EHV-4 abortion were reported with single cases in each on premises in Doubs and Morbihan. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on placental tissue.

STREPTOCOCCUS ZOOEPIDEMICUS ABORTION



BELGIUM

One outbreak of *Streptococcus zooepidemicus* abortion was reported with a single case on a premises in East Flanders. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on fetal tissue. It was noted this was the second case of abortion on this premises.

RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS

Country	EHV-1	EHV-2	EHV-4	EHV-5	EI	<i>R. equi</i>	Strangles	Strangles/EI
Belgium	1	2	-	3	-	-	1	-
Canada	-	-	-	-	1	-	10	-
France	4	-	17	-	-	16#	20	-
Germany	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Netherlands	4	-	11	-	1	15	42	-
South Africa	1#	-	1#	-	-	-	-	-
Sweden	2#	-	2	-	-	-	2	-
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
United Kingdom	2	-	4	-	6#	-	-	-
USA	-	-	-	-	6	-	39	1

#some cases reported by ICC after the quarter end

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-1 (EHV-1) RESPIRATORY



BELGIUM

One outbreak of EHV-1 (syndrome not reported) was reported with a single case on a premises in Hainaut. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR.



FRANCE

Four outbreaks of EHV-1 respiratory infection were reported all involving single cases on premises in: Eure-et-Loir, Puy-de-Dôme, Orne and Sarthe. One case had a co-infection with EHV-4. Clinical signs included: lymphadenopathy, nasal discharge and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on nasopharyngeal swabs.



GERMANY

One outbreak of EHV-1 respiratory infection was reported, with a single case, on a premises in North Rhine-Westphalia. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on a nasal swab.



NETHERLANDS

Four outbreaks of EHV-1 respiratory infection were reported. Two outbreaks involved single cases and two involved more than one case on premises in: Friesland, Gelderland and Groningen. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.



#SOUTH AFRICA

Three cases of EHV-1 (undefined syndrome) were reported on premises in the Western Cape.



#SWEDEN

Two outbreaks of EHV-1 respiratory infection were reported after the quarter end with single cases in each on premises in Uppsala County and Jämtland County.



UNITED KINGDOM

Two outbreaks of EHV-1 respiratory infection were reported. One outbreak involved a single case on a premises in Clackmannanshire and one outbreak involved three cases in unvaccinated animals on premises in Hertfordshire. Clinical signs included: inappetence, lethargy, lymphadenopathy, nasal discharge and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on nasopharyngeal swabs or swabs.

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-2 (EHV-2) RESPIRATORY



BELGIUM

Two outbreaks of EHV-2 respiratory infection, with single cases in each, were confirmed on premises in East Flanders and Flemish Brabant. Clinical signs included: cough, nasal discharge, ocular discharge and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on nasal swabs.

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-4 (EHV-4) RESPIRATORY



FRANCE

Seventeen outbreaks of EHV-4 respiratory infection were reported. Fifteen outbreaks involved single cases on premises in: Ardennes, Ariège, Calvados, Eure, Manche, Puy-de-Dôme, Val-de-Marne and Yvelines. One case in Ardennes had a co-infection with EHV-2 and EHV-5. Two outbreaks involved two cases on premises in Eure and Loire-Atlantique. Clinical signs included: cough, nasal discharge, poor performance and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on nasopharyngeal swabs.



NETHERLANDS

Eleven outbreaks of EHV-4 respiratory infection were reported. Nine outbreaks involved single cases on premises in: Drenthe, Friesland, North Brabant, North Holland, Overijssel, South Holland and Utrecht. Two outbreaks involved more than one case on two separate premises in Friesland. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.



#SOUTH AFRICA

One outbreak of EHV-4 with a single case was reported on a premises in the Western Cape.



SWEDEN

Two outbreaks of EHV-4 respiratory infection were reported, both involved more than one case, on premises in Dalarna County and Västerbotten County.



UNITED KINGDOM

Four outbreaks of EHV-4 respiratory infection were reported, each involving single cases on premises in: Lincolnshire, North Yorkshire, Warwickshire and Wiltshire. Clinical signs included: cough, lethargy, nasal discharge and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on nasopharyngeal swabs or nasal swabs.

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-5 (EHV-5) RESPIRATORY



BELGIUM

Three outbreaks of EHV-5 respiratory infection were reported, each involving single cases on premises in: East Flanders and West Flanders. Clinical signs included: cough, lymphadenopathy, nasal discharge and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on nasal swabs.

EQUINE INFLUENZA (EI)



CANADA

One case of equine influenza was reported in an unvaccinated eight-year-old mare on a premises in Quebec. Clinical signs included pyrexia. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR.



NETHERLANDS

One case of equine influenza was reported on a premises in North Holland. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR.



UNITED KINGDOM

Four outbreaks of equine influenza were reported, each involving single cases, on premises in: Falkirk, Kent, North Yorkshire and Warwickshire. Three of the affected horses were unvaccinated, while the vaccination status of the fourth case is unknown. Additionally, one of the unvaccinated horses was found to have a co-infection of *Streptococcus zooepidemicus*. All of the cases were new arrivals.

Clinical signs included: cough, inappetence, lethargy, lymphadenopathy, nasal discharge, ocular discharge and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on either nasopharyngeal swabs or nasal swabs.

#Two outbreaks were reported after the quarter. One outbreak involved a single case in an unvaccinated animal on a premises in North Yorkshire and one outbreak involved two cases in unvaccinated animals on a premises in Merseyside. Clinical signs included: cough, inappetence, lethargy, lymphadenopathy, ocular and nasal discharge. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on nasopharyngeal swabs.



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Six outbreaks of equine influenza were reported. Four outbreaks involved single cases on premises in Texas and Washington. The remaining two outbreaks each involved two cases on premises in Alabama and Washington. Clinical signs included: cough and nasal discharge. Notably, in two of the outbreaks, the affected animals had recently been purchased at a livestock market.

RHODOCOCCLUS EQUI



FRANCE

Thirteen outbreaks of *Rhodococcus equi* were reported. Eleven involved single cases on premises in: Loire-Atlantique, Manche, Orne and Val-de-Marne. One outbreak involved two cases on a premises in Calvados and one outbreak did not specify the number of affected animals on a premises in Orne. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on bronchoalveolar fluid, purulent discharge, swab or tracheal wash.

#Three outbreaks were reported after the quarter end with single cases in each on premises in: Calvados, Loire and Val-de-Marne. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on tracheal wash, purulent discharge or a nasopharyngeal swab.



NETHERLANDS

Fifteen cases of *Rhodococcus equi* were reported, each involving single cases on premises in: Flevoland, Friesland, Gelderland, Gorredijk, North Brabant, North Holland, Overijssel and Utrecht. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.

STRANGLES



BELGIUM

One outbreak of strangles with a single case was reported on a premises in Limburg. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR.



CANADA

Ten outbreaks of strangles were reported. Seven outbreaks involved single cases on premises in: Ontario and Quebec. One outbreak involved two cases on a premises in Quebec, one outbreak involved four cases on a premises in Quebec and one outbreak involved five cases on a premises in Ontario. Clinical signs included: cough, lymphadenopathy, nasal discharge, parotid, pyrexia and submandibular inflammation and sub-mandibular and peri-rectal abscesses.



FRANCE

Twenty outbreaks of strangles were reported. Thirteen outbreaks involved single cases on premises in: Côtes-d'Armor, Corrèze, Haute-Garonne, Indre-et-Loire, Pas-de-Calais, Puy-de-Dôme, Rhône and Territoire de Belfort. Four outbreaks involved two cases on premises in: Ardennes, Calvados, Loire-Atlantique and Yvelines. One outbreak involved three cases on a premises in Puy-de-Dôme. Two outbreaks involved four cases on premises in: Hautes-Alpes and Puy-de-Dôme. Clinical signs included: lymphadenopathy, nasal discharge and pyrexia. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR on guttural pouch washes, nasopharyngeal swabs or pus or purulent nasal discharge



GERMANY

One case of strangles was reported on a premises in Schleswig-Holstein. Clinical signs included: cough, nasal discharge, pyrexia and swollen lymph nodes. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on guttural pouch lavage.



NETHERLANDS

Forty-two outbreaks of strangles were reported on premises in: Drenthe, Friesland, Gelderland, Groningen, North Brabant, North Holland, South Holland, Overijssel and Utrecht. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.



SWEDEN

Two outbreaks of strangles were reported on premises in: Blekinge County and Norrbotten County.



SWITZERLAND

Four outbreaks of strangles were reported, two involved single cases on premises in: the Cantons of Thurgau and Zurich and two outbreaks with a number of cases not specified on premises in the Cantons of Aargau and Graubünden. Clinical signs included: pyrexia, nasal discharge, respiratory signs and swollen submandibular lymph nodes. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by an agent detection test (type not specified) or PCR.



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Thirty-nine outbreaks of strangles were reported. Thirty-seven outbreaks involved single cases on premises in: Arizona, Florida, Kansas, Michigan, Ohio, Washington and Wisconsin. Two outbreaks involved two cases on premises in: Florida and Washington. Clinical signs included: cough, decreased appetite, lethargy, limb oedema, lymph node abscessation, lymphadenopathy, nasal discharge, pyrexia, respiratory signs, ruptured lymph node and throat latch swelling

STRANGLES/EQUINE INFLUENZA



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

One case of strangles with a co-infection of equine influenza was reported in a weanling Miniature Horse colt on a premises in Michigan. Clinical signs included: pyrexia and nasal discharge.

GASTROINTESTINAL DISEASES

Country	<i>Clostridial enterocolitis</i>	Coronavirus	<i>Rhodococcus equi</i>	Salmonellosis
Canada	-	-	-	1
France	-	-	6	
Netherlands	-	-	-	6
Switzerland	1	2	-	-

CLOSTRIDIAL ENTEROCOLITIS



SWITZERLAND

One case of clostridial enterocolitis was reported on a premises in the Canton of Zurich. Clinical signs included diarrhoea. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by *Clostridium difficile* toxin detection and *Clostridium perfringens* growth on culture.

CORONAVIRUS



SWITZERLAND

Two outbreaks of Coronavirus were reported. One outbreak involved a single case on a premises in the Canton of Aargau and one outbreak did not specify the number of cases involved on a premises also in the Canton of Aargau. Clinical signs included: pyrexia and diarrhoea. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.

RHODOCOCCLUS EQUI



FRANCE

Six outbreaks of *Rhodococcus equi* were reported with single cases in each on premises in: Calvados, Lot-et-Garonne, Morbihan, Saône-et-Loire and Sarthe. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by bacteriology, PCR or culture on fecal matter.

SALMONELLOSIS



CANADA

One outbreak of *Salmonella* (described as multi-resistant group C2 *S. Newport*) was reported involving a single case on a premises in Quebec. Clinical signs included pyrexia.



NETHERLANDS

Six outbreaks of *Salmonella* were reported, all involving single cases on premises in: Friesland, Limburg, North Brabant and Overijssel. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.

NEUROLOGICAL DISEASES

Country	EEE	EEV	EHV-1	WNV
Belgium	-	-	1	-
Canada	-	-	2	-
Ecuador	1	-	-	-
France	-	-	-	1
Germany	-	-	1	-
South Africa	-	1#	-	1#
Sweden	-	-	1#	-
Switzerland	-	-	1	-
United Kingdom	-	-	1	-
USA	14	-	14	-

#some cases reported by ICC after the quarter end

EASTERN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS (EEE)



ECUADOR

One case of EEE was reported in an unvaccinated racehorse on a premises in province of Guayas, Samborondón. Clinical signs included: ataxia, nystagmus, pyrexia and weakness. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by IgM capture ELISA.



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Fourteen outbreaks of EEE were reported each involving single cases on premises in Florida and Georgia. Clinical signs included: apprehension, ataxia, circling, depression, hindlimb ataxia, inability to stand, inability to retract tongue, inappetence, incoordination, lethargy, listlessness, muscle twitching, pyrexia, recumbency and weakness.

EQUINE ENCEPHALOSIS VIRUS (EEV)



#SOUTH AFRICA

EEV is regarded as endemic in South Africa. Cases were reported from six provinces as follows: Eastern Cape (four cases), Gauteng (15 cases), Kwa-Zulu Natal (two cases), Mpumalanga (one case), North West Province (four cases) and Western Cape (11 cases).

EQUINE HERPES VIRUS-1 (EHV-1) NEUROLOGICAL



BELGIUM

One case of EHV-1 neurological disease was reported in a vaccinated animal on a premises in Hainaut. Clinical signs included: non-specified neurological signs, paralysis and pyrexia. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on a nasal swab.



CANADA

Two outbreaks of EHV-1 neurological disease were reported. One outbreak involved a single case on a premises in Quebec and one outbreak involved two cases also on premises in Quebec. Clinical signs included: colic, oedema of all limbs, lateral recumbency, inability to rise, paresis of the hind limbs, bladder and anus, proprioceptive ataxia in all four limbs with decreased tail tone, vestibular syndrome.



GERMANY

One outbreak of EHV-1 neurological disease was reported involving a single case on a premises in North Rhine-Westphalia. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on a nasal swab.



#SWEDEN

One outbreak of EHV-1 neurological disease with a single case was reported after the quarter end on a premises in Uppsala County. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR.



SWITZERLAND

One outbreak of EHV-1 neurological disease was reported with a single case on a premises in the Canton of Zurich. Clinical signs included central nervous system signs. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR



UNITED KINGDOM

One outbreak of EHV-1 neurological disease involving a single case was reported in an unvaccinated Thoroughbred mare on a premises in Leicestershire. Clinical signs included: hindlimb paresis, recumbency and urinary retention. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on a nasopharyngeal swab.



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Fourteen outbreaks of EHV-1 neurological disease were reported. Ten outbreaks involved single cases on premises in: Maryland, Ohio, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Texas, Virginia and Wisconsin. Two outbreaks involved two cases on premises in California and Oklahoma, one outbreak involved three cases on a premises in Ohio and one outbreak did not specify numbers affected on a premises in Wisconsin. Clinical signs included: ataxia, recumbency, hindlimb paralysis, paddling, pyrexia, respiratory distress and urinary retention.

WEST NILE VIRUS (WNV)



FRANCE

One outbreak of WNV with a single case was reported on a premises Charente-Maritime. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by ELISA.



#SOUTH AFRICA

One outbreak of WNV with a single case was reported on a premises in Kwa-Zulu Natal.

MISCELLANEOUS DISEASES

Country	AHS	Anaplasmosis	Coronavirus	EIA	EGS	EVA	Piroplasmosis
Canada	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Chile	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Netherlands	-	2	5	-	-	-	1
South Africa	1#	--	-	-	-	-	1#
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	48#	1	-
USA	-	-	-	4	-	-	-

#some cases reported by ICC after the quarter end

AFRICAN HORSE SICKNESS (AHS)



#SOUTH AFRICA

AHS is endemic in South Africa except in the AHS controlled area in the Western Cape Province. Cases occurred and were reported from eight provinces in the country as follows: Eastern Cape (18 cases), Free State (one case), Gauteng (16 cases), Kwa-Zulu Natal (13 cases), Limpopo (two cases), Mpumalanga (two cases), Northern Cape (one case), North West Province (five cases). No cases occurred in the Western Cape Province which includes the AHS controlled area.

ANAPLASMOSIS



NETHERLANDS

Two outbreaks of *Anaplasma phagocytophilum* were reported involving single cases on premises in: Overijssel and Utrecht. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.

EQUINE CORONAVIRUS



NETHERLANDS

Five outbreaks of equine coronavirus were reported. Two outbreaks involved single cases on premises in North Brabant and South Holland and cases were reported on three premises in Utrecht with numbers affected not specified. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by PCR.

EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANAEMIA (EIA)



CANADA

Two outbreaks of EIA were reported involving single cases on premises in British Columbia and Manitoba.



CHILE

One outbreak of EIA was reported involving 16 animals on a premises in Región Metropolitana de Santiago. One animal died and 15 were euthanased. Positive diagnoses were confirmed by Coggins.



USA

Four outbreaks of EIA were reported. Three involved single cases on separate premises in Texas. One outbreak involved 13 cases also on a premises in Texas.

EQUINE GRASS SICKNESS (EGS)



#UNITED KINGDOM

Nineteen outbreaks of EGS were reported. Seventeen involved single cases on premises in: Aberdeenshire, Cheshire, Cumbria, East Sussex, Lancashire, Lincolnshire, Norfolk, North Yorkshire, Oxfordshire, Perthshire, Stirlingshire, Suffolk, Tyne and Wear and West Sussex. One outbreak involved three cases on premises in Aberdeenshire and one outbreak involved five cases on premises in Oxfordshire.

#Twenty-nine further cases were reported after the quarter-end in England, Scotland and Wales.

EQUINE VIRAL ARTERITIS (EVA)



UNITED KINGDOM

One outbreak of EVA was reported in an Andalusian stallion imported from Spain in 2021 on a premises in Edinburgh. The animal had been sampled prior to breeding and had not been bred from whilst in the UK and had no known history of EVA vaccination. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR on semen.

PIROPLASMOSIS



NETHERLANDS

One case of piroplasmosis was reported on a premises in Gelderland. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR.



SWITZERLAND

One case of piroplasmosis was reported on a premises in the Canton of Thurgau. Clinical signs included: poor performance and increased hepatic values on biochemistry. Positive diagnosis was confirmed by PCR.



#SOUTH AFRICA

Piroplasmosis is regarded as endemic in South Africa and cases were reported from all provinces of South Africa as follows with *B. caballi* and *T. equi* cases reported separately: *B. caballi* cases - Gauteng (one case), Western Cape (one case). *T. equi* cases: Eastern Cape (two cases), Free State (one case), Gauteng (44 cases), Kwa-Zulu Natal (five cases), Limpopo (two cases), Mpumalanga (three cases), Northern Cape (nine cases), North West Province (four cases) and Western Cape (30 cases).

ICC QUARTERLY REPORT - END

Contact us

For any further inquiries or clarifications regarding the information presented in this document, please contact EIDS



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